

A coalition formation based model for Web service composition

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I. Introduction(1/3) Context and Motivation

 ○ Service Oriented Computing (SOC)→ Development of rapid, low-cost and easy composition of distributed applications even in heterogeneous environments

 $_{\odot}$ Web Service (WS) \rightarrow Concretization of SOC

- Web Service Composition (WSC) → Aggregation of several
 WSs to answer to needs that a single WS can not provide
- New WSC process based on the combination of WSs and software agents in order to have a better interoperability [Souilah and al., [1]

I. Introduction (2/3) Problem

The service providers don't have enough autonomy to choose their partners during the WSC process!!

Very close to the coalition formation in the Multi Agent Systems where software agents can allow such autonomy

I. Introduction (3/3) Objective



- Proposition of a negotiation model where the service providers can participate in the WSC process
- Considering criteria permitting the construction of a composed WS that answers at best to the service consumer needs



Outlines

I. Introduction

2. Some research works comparison

- 3. Proposed model
- 4. Does it work?
- 5. Conclusions
- 6. References

2. Comparison of some research works

Research Works	Objective	Technology used in WSC	Provider- Provider negotiation	QoS negotiation
[Ermolayev and al., 03]	Composition	Coalition formation	No	No
[Maamar and al., 05]	Composition	Agent and context	No	No
[Wang and al.,12]	Composition	Cooperative reasoning based agent	No	No
[Zarour and al. , 06]	Cooperation		Yes	No
Our work	Interoperability	Coalition formation	Yes	Yes





3. Proposed model (3/8)

What are the criteria that are used to evaluate the discovered provider agents?

 \circ Criteria that are related to the partners [Cherni,04]: $\rightarrow L$

- Previous relations with the partner
- Experience in the cooperation

• The criteria will be aggregated by the coalition members in order to have a global estimation for each discovered provider agent that will be then classified [Zarour and al., 06]

3. Proposed model (4/8)

4		b.I Accept the counter-offer Accept			
a. Accept one of the proposed offers, b. Propose three counter-offers Re-		S b.2 Reject the counter-offer b.3 Generate a new offer then propose it Re-propose (RP, C)			
b.l.2 the	Algorithm: Agents negotiation 1.2 Inputs: Retained agent offers O _R . 1.4 Outputs: A provider agent member of the coalition.				
	 Begin 1. t ← 0 2. O^t_R ← O_R 3. Repeat 4. t ← t+1 5. The consumer agent offer computation at round t(O^t_C) 6. O_R^t ← O_R^{t-1} 7. Offers evaluation 8. Offers comparison 9. Generation and sending of responses 10. Until(t≥temp) or (temp₁=0and temp₂=0 and temp₃=0) or (O^t_R=Φ) 				

3. Proposed model (5/8)

What are the QoS criteria that are considered in the negotiation?

- We consider the set C including the following QoS criteria:
 - Response time ³
 - Price

Criteria qualified quantitatively

- Availability
- Robustness \rightarrow Criterion qualified qualitatively

3. Proposed model (6/8)

How about the offers evaluation?



AggregationFunction:

$$U^a = \sum_{c \in C} w_c \times V_c$$

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 U^{C} : for C

 U^1, U^2, U^3 : for RP

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3. Proposed model (7/8)

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- $O_{\rm }$ [)If it finds that there is an offer that has values that are the same or better than its own, then it accepts it
 - 2) else, it regenerate a counter-offer in which it makes a concession

$$1.(U^{1} < U^{C}) and(U^{2} < U^{C}) and(U^{3} < U^{C})$$
$$2.(U^{1} \ge U^{C}) \oplus (U^{2} \ge U^{C}) \oplus (U^{3} \ge U^{C})$$

3. Proposed model (8/8)

When does a negotiation process end?

When all the discovered services will be allowed to providers that are now coalition members (coalition formation)

4. Does it work?(1/2)

Example: A service negotiation in a project of the construction





5. Conclusions

- We have:
 - \checkmark Used a negotiation as a mechanism of interoperation.
 - \checkmark Materialized the agent negotiation by the CFWSC
 - \checkmark Studied a real case of interoperability domain
 - \checkmark Realized its simulation in jade platform
- Now, we are :

Working on the second phase of the CFWSC (extension by other QoS criteria like security)

• As next step, we'll:

Formulize the CFWSC so that it'll verify some properties such as the lack of blocking

7. References

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Thanks for your attention, Questions